

FAA 107 Quizzes:

Section 1: FAA regulations: relating to small UAS rating privileges, limitations, and flight operations.

When may a UAV be operated during twilight hours?

- A) When equipped with a transponder
- B) When equipped with anti-collision lighting
- C) When in rural areas

A waiver from any section of Part 107 must be requested from the FAA:

- A) 30 days in advance
- B) 90 days in advance
- C) 120 days in advance

The 107 regulations cover unmanned aircraft systems weighing:

- A) 55 lbs or less
- B) Less than 55 lbs
- C) 55 kg or less

A UAV may be operated from a moving vehicle when not transporting another person's property for hire

- A) Over a sparsely populated area
- B) Over an urban area
- C) Over a parade or event

Section 2: Airspace classification and operating requirements, obstacle clearance requirements, and flight restrictions, affecting small UAS operation

A UAV may operate WITHOUT ATC clearance, where?

- A) Class C Airspace
- B) Class E Airspace
- C) Class G airspace

NOTAM 4/3621 prohibits all aircraft operations within

- A) a 3 Statute mile radius
- B) a 5 mile radius
- C) a 3 Nautical Mile Radius

The maximum altitude of a UAV is listed as 400 feet... what?

- A) AGL
- B) MSL
- C) ATC

Section 3: Official sources of weather, and effects of weather on small UAS performance

A moist, unstable air mass is characterized by:

- A) Stratiform clouds and continuous precipitation
- B) Cumuliform clouds and showery precipitation
- C) Poor visibility and smooth air

Altostratus clouds are gray to blue-gray and usually cover the entire sky, and generally precede:

- A) Heavy rain, often with hail and lightning.
- B) Light to moderate rain showers.
- C) Storms with continuous rain or snow.

Which weather information can NOT be found online?

- A) ASOS
- B) TAF
- C) ESS

Weather information that can be found at AviationWeather.gov is:

- A) ASOS
- B) TAF
- C) ESS

Which weather information found at 1800WXbrief.com?

- A) ASOS
- B) TAF
- C) ESS

How does high density altitude affect efficiency of a UA propeller?

- A) Density altitude does not affect propeller efficiency
- B) Propeller efficiency is increased
- C) Propeller efficiency is decreased

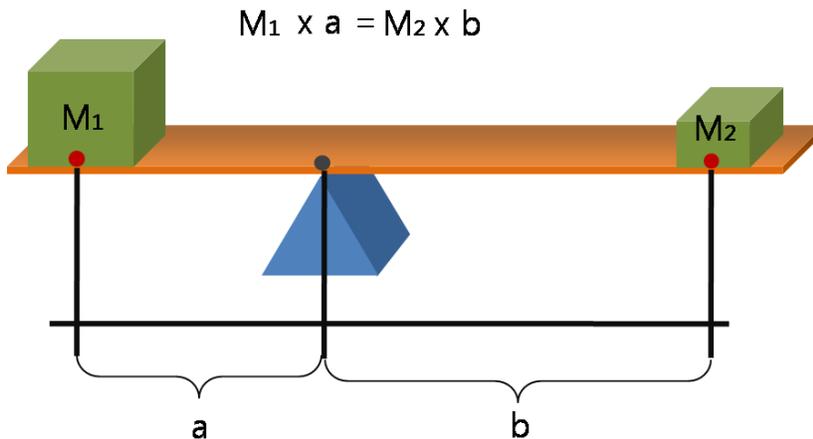
Weather is caused by:

- A) uneven heating of the earth's surface.
- B) differences in temperature.
- C) heat exchanges.

Air is _____ dense at high altitudes or "high density altitudes"

- A) more
- B) less
- C) uniform

Section 4: Small UAS Loading and Performance



M_1 is 20 oz, M_2 is 10 oz, a is 2 inches and b is 4 inches. Which is true?

- A) The UAV is not in balance
- B) The UAV is in balance
- C) There's not enough data

The effects on an aircraft that can result from out of balance weights include:

- A) reduced control, stability and performance
- B) increased fuel or battery drain
- C) all of the above

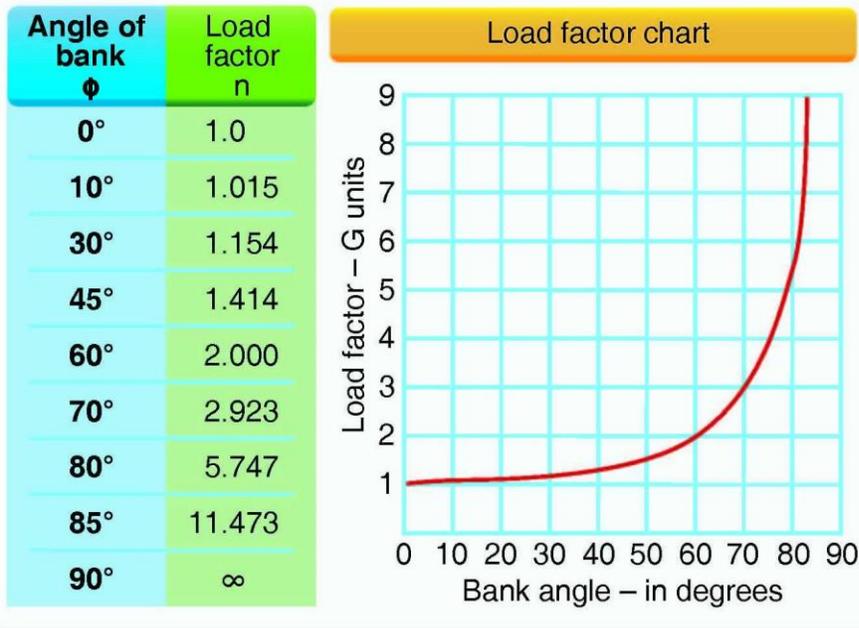
To avoid exceeding the Center of Gravity limits of an aircraft, the operator should follow loading instructions provided in:

- A) The Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM)
- B) The Pilot's Operating Handbook or UAS Flight Manual
- C) The Aircraft Weight and Balance Handbook

The load factor on the wings of an unmanned aircraft may be increased when:

- A) the gross weight is reduced
- B) the Center of Gravity is shifted aft of the limit
- C) performing maneuvers other than straight and level flight.

If the weight of an aircraft is 30 pounds, what is the weight on the structure of the aircraft in a 30 degree banked turn?



- A) - 34 lbs
- B) - 38 lbs
- C) - 46 lbs

Section 5: Emergency Procedures and Incident Reporting

The Pilot of the small UAS is required to report any injury to a person or damage to property, other than the small UAS, resulting from the operation of the small UAS

- A) Immediately or as soon as possible
- B) When requested by the FAA
- C) within 10 days of the operation that created the injury or damage

Part 107 Operators must report serious accidents or injuries to:

- A) Flight Safety District Office (FSDO)
- B) the FAA Regional Operations Center (ROC)
- C) local law enforcement or 911

Which of these would require an immediate return to launch point, Return to Home, or return to base?

- A) Obstruction
- B) High Winds
- C) Low Battery

To avoid possible collision with a manned airplane, you would estimate that your small UA climbed to an altitude greater than 600 ft AGL. To whom must you report the deviation?

- A) Air Traffic Control
- B) The National Transportation Safety Board
- C) Upon request of the Federal Aviation Administration

When using a small UA in a commercial operation, who is responsible for briefing the participants about an emergency procedure?

- A) The FAA inspector-in-charge
- B) The lead visual supervisor
- C) The Pilot in Command

Section 6: CRM: Crew Resource Management.

The UAV Crew is:

- A) limited to the PIC and VO
- B) is not limited to the PIC and the VO
- C) necessary for safe UAV operation

The FAA says the Visual Observer is,

- A) necessary for situational awareness
- B) required
- C) not required

The primary duty of the Visual Observer is to:

- A) assist in situational awareness
- B) assist with managing the launch site
- C) assist with collision avoidance

The Visual Observer should:

- A) Maintain order
- B) Ovoid bright lights or tobacco products prior to participating in twilight operations.
- C) Always follow instructions from the UAV Operator

Section 7: Radio Communication Procedures for UAS.

A pilot at an uncontrolled airfield would normally "self announce" a launch operation on

- A) CTAF
- B) FSS
- C) ASOS

The correct method of stating 4-5-0-0 feet MSL is

- A) "FOUR THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED."
- B) "FORTY-FIVE HUNDRED FEET MSL."
- C) "FOUR POINT FIVE."

Airport frequencies are listed in:

- A) The airport almanac
- B) The FAR/AIM
- C) The Digital Chart Supplement

The first rule of radio communications is:

- A) Always give your call sign
- B) Always listen first
- C) Monitor other aircraft

Section 8: Determining the performance of small UAS

As defined by 14CFR107, the person responsible for determining the performance of a small unmanned aircraft is:

- A) The manufacturer
- B) The owner or operator
- C) The Remote Pilot in Command

The 3 "H" factors relate to:

- A) Air Density
- B) Efficiency
- C) Altitude

Why is it important to know the performance specifications of a UAS?

- A) To maximize use
- B) To fly higher
- C) To avoid accidents

In terms of UAV performance, moist air is:

- A) Heavier than dry air
- B) Lighter than dry air
- C) Has no effect on performance

Section 9: Physiological effects of drugs and alcohol

Some studies have shown decrements in pilot performance with blood alcohol concentrations as low as:

- A) 0.04%
- B) 0.25%
- C) 0.025%

Alcohol can be eliminated from the body by:

- A) Breathing 100% Oxygen

- B) Waiting 24 hours
- C) Cold showers or black coffee

Some common indications of dehydration include:

- A) Apathy, impaired consciousness
- B) Mild euphoria, decreased attention
- C) Sleepiness and dizziness

Which is true regarding the presence of alcohol within the human body?

- A) Consuming water will alleviate a hangover
- B) Small amounts of alcohol increases vision acuity
- C) Even small amounts of alcohol can adversely affect judgment and decision-making

Section 10: Next let's talk about Aeronautical decision-making and judgment, or ADM

Trying to get it over with, was one of the mistakes our friend Jack made:

What is the antidote when a pilot has a hazardous attitude, such as "Impulsivity"?

- A) Not so fast, think first.
- B) It could happen to me.
- C) It could happen to me.

What is the antidote when a pilot has a hazardous attitude, such as "Resignation"?

- A) What is the use.
- B) I am not helpless.
- C) Someone else is responsible.

What is the antidote when a pilot has a hazardous attitude, such as "Invulnerability"?

- A) It will not happen to me.
- B) It can not be that bad.
- C) It could happen to me.

Most failures and accidents can be attributed to:

- A) Bad weather.
- B) Failure to plan ahead.
- C) Poor judgment and bad decisions by the operator

Section 11: Airport Operations and Charts

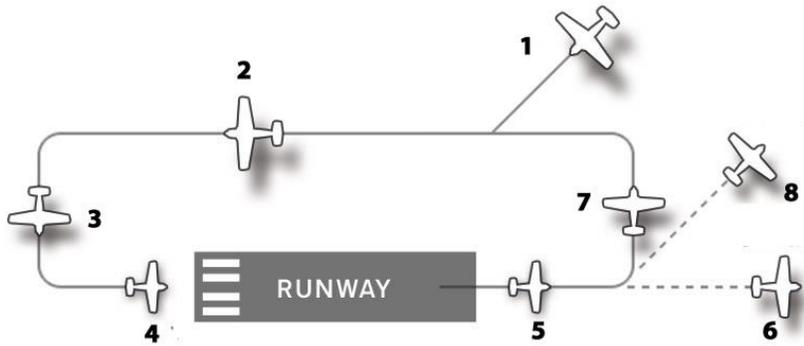
The three types of airport are Private, Military and _____:

- A) Municipal
- B) Public
- C) Civil

The distance between degrees of latitude is:

- A) 1 Statute Mile
- B) 1 Nautical Mile
- C) Varies

Which number indicates the BASE leg of the approach?

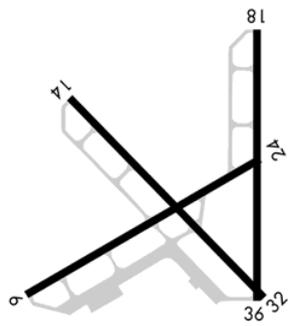


- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4

What is Final approach?

- A) 6
- B) 4
- C) 8
- D) 3

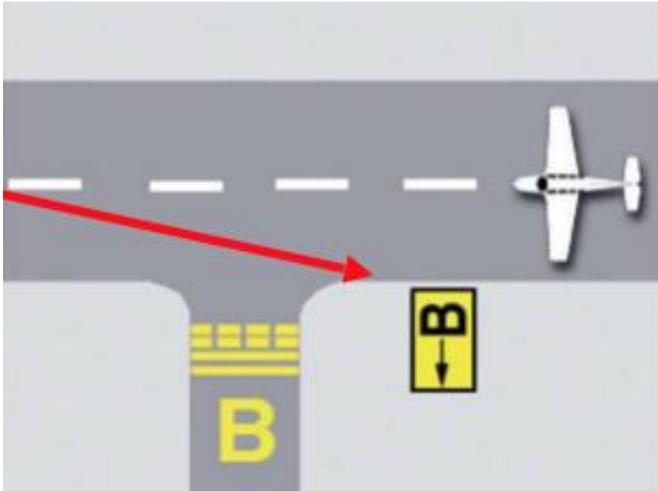
An aircraft announces "midfield downwind of runway 14". Where is the aircraft with respect to the runway?



- A) East
- B) South
- C) West

(Use the chart above) If the wind is from the north, which runway will be in use?

- A) Runway 18
- B) Runway 32
- C) Runway 36
- D) Runway 24



This yellow sign indicates:

- A) The plane is on Taxiway B
- B) Taxiway B Intersection
- C) Runway Exit to the Right

Section 12: Maintenance and Preflight Inspection Procedures

Damage to a Lithium battery can result in

- A) Increased flight time
- B) A change in the aircraft balance
- C) Fire

According to 14 CFR Part 107, the responsibility to inspect the small UAS to ensure that it is in safe operating condition rests with the

- A) The Remote Pilot in Command
- B) The Visual Observer
- C) The owner of the UAS

The Remote Pilot of a small UAS must be sure that

- A: Objects carried on the sUAS are visible
- B: The site supervisor has approved the flight
- C: That the sUAS is in a condition for safe operation

Operating a small UAV over its specified maximum allowable weight could result in:

- A) Greater speed
- B) Increased stability,
- C) Reduced endurance

Under what condition should the operator of a small UA establish a scheduled maintenance protocol?

- A) when the manufacturer does not provide a maintenance schedule
- B) UAS does not need a required maintenance schedule
- C) when the FAA requires you to, following an accident.